

Private professional guardians.

1. A private professional guardian, if a person, must be qualified to serve as a guardian pursuant to [NRS 159.059](#) and must be a registered guardian or master guardian unless a hearing is held and the court finds that good cause exists to waive the requirement that the private professional guardian be a registered guardian or master guardian.

2. A private professional guardian, if an entity, must be qualified to serve as a guardian pursuant to [NRS 159.059](#) and must have a registered guardian or master guardian involved in the day-to-day operation or management of the entity unless a hearing is held and the court finds that good cause exists to waive the requirement that the private professional guardian have a registered guardian or master guardian involved in the day-to-day operation or management of the entity.

3. As used in this section:

(a) "Entity" includes, without limitation, a corporation, whether or not for profit, a limited-liability company and a partnership.

(b) "Master guardian" means a person who is certified by the National Guardianship Foundation or any successor organization as a master guardian.

(c) "Person" means a natural person.

(d) "Registered guardian" means a person who is certified by the National Guardianship Foundation or any successor organization as a registered guardian.